Confessions of a termite researcher who stuck a toe into the realm of backyard mosquito control

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FIRST OBJECTIVE



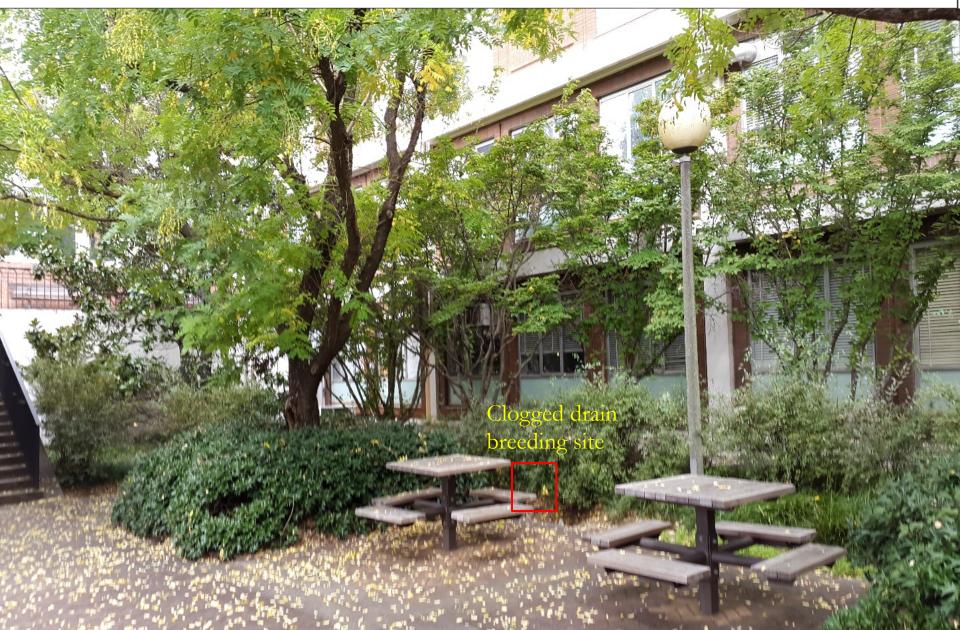






LSWV36 Black & Decker 36V Lithium Hard Surface Sweeper Vac

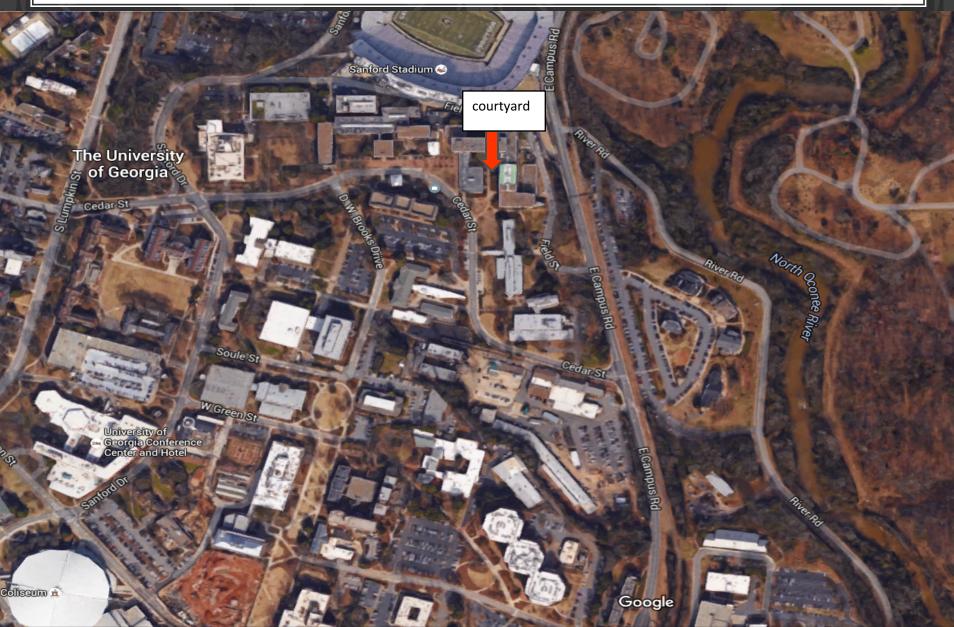
MOSQUITO SAMPLING SITE AS IT APPEARED AUGUST 2013 THROUGH APRIL 2015



MOSQUITO SAMPLING SITE AS IT APPEARED (MAY THROUGH NOVEMBER 2015)



A SCREENSHOT IMAGE FROM GOOGLE MAPS IN 2012 SHOWING THE LAYOUT OF THE COURTYARD, THE MAJOR LANDSCAPE FEATURES AND THE NORTH OCONEE RIVER IN THE VICINITY



MOSQUITOES CAUGHT IN 2013/2014/2015 BY ALL METHODS

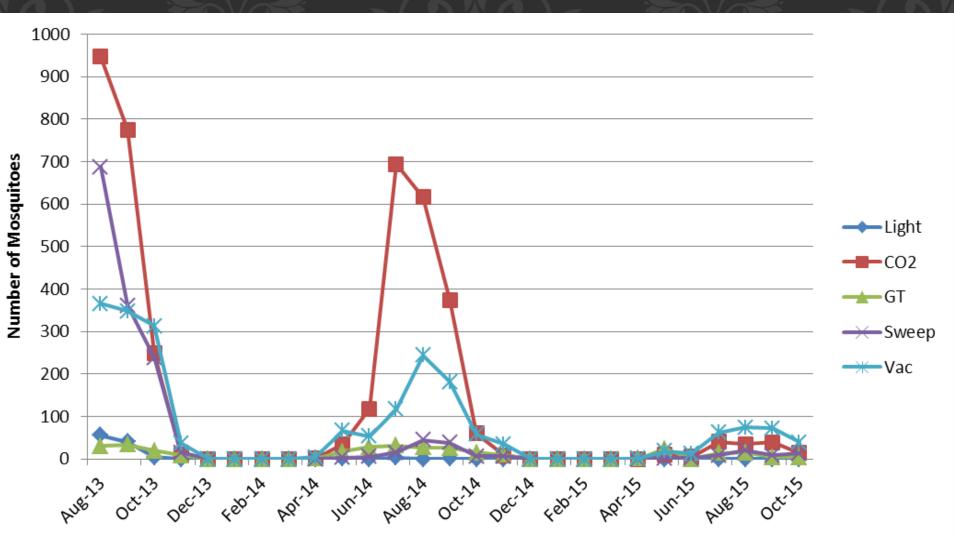


Aedes albopictus(4428/2778/456) Ochlerotatus japonicus(28/16/20) Culex restuans (36/58/51)Aedes vexans (58/7/13)Anopheles punctipennis(7/45/3) Culex quinquefasciatus (0/70/13) Psorophora ferox (2/0/2)





COURTYARD SAMPLING DATA: MONTHLY TOTAL ABUNDANCE OF MOSQUITOES CAUGHT BY SAMPLING METHOD



Date

LINEAR REGRESSION ANALYSIS 2013/2014/2015

Device	CDC with CO ₂	Model Equation
CDC with CO ₂		
	1:21	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [2.7851 + 0.05447(<i>LGT</i>)]
Gravid Trap	1:12	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [1.8937 + 0.7328(<i>LGT</i>)]
	1:2	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [0.0340+0 <i>.5128</i> (<i>LGT</i>)]
Sweep	1:20	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [0.2623 + 1.0532(<i>LSweep</i>)]
	1:20	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [2.5610 + 0.0339(<i>LSweep</i>)]
	1:3	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [0.0329+0.7626(<i>LSweep</i>)]
	1:2	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [1.1344 + 0.0431(<i>LVacuum</i>)]
Vacuum	1:2	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [1.2938 + 0.8339(<i>LVacuum</i>)]
	2:1	CO₂ = <i>exp</i> [0.0329+0.56169(<i>LVacuum</i>)]

MOSQUITO SPECIES CAUGHT, BY METHOD, OVER 31 MONTHS OF SAMPLING

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Mosquito Species	CDC light trap with CO ₂	Vacuum	Gravid	Sweep	CDC light trap	Total per species
Aedes albopictus	3910	2008	189	1453	102	7662
Ochlerotatus japonicus	14	36	1	13		64
Culex restuans	32	27	73	13		145
Aedes vexans	15	32	14	13	4	78
Anopheles punctipennis	55					55
Culex quinquefasciatus	11	29	42	1		83
Psorophora ferox		3			1	4
Total per method	4037	2135	319	1493	107	8091

NUMBER & PROPORTION OF Aedes albopictus FEMALES CAUGHT BY DEVICE PER YEAR 2013/2014/2015

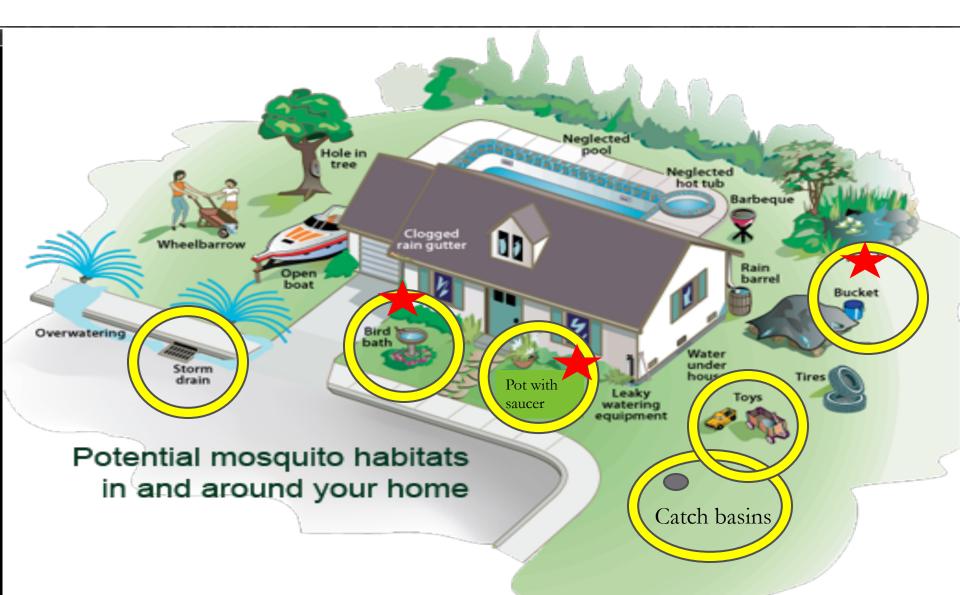
Device	No. of Females	% Female
	1824	92
CDC Light Trap	1655	90
with CO ₂	130	93
	82	85
CDC Light Trap	9	85
	_	_
	40	56
Gravid Trap	71	76
	13	55
	816	63
Sweep	78	62
	41	72
	880	64
Vacuum	326	57
	104	55

RESIDENTIAL MOSQUITO CONTROL EFFICACYSECOND OBJECTIVESTUDIES



2 Pest Control companies in Athens and Atlanta, GA 30 total Trt houses 23/24 total control houses 2 pyrethroid insecticides: bifenthrin or esfenvalerate PMP technician treatment 1x/month with backpack mist blower Mosquito sampling 2x/month (July - Oct)Vacuum sampling device

POTENTIAL AND ACTIVE BREEDING SITES FOUND DURING THE PMP SHADOWING STUDY HIGHLIGHTED WITH RED STARS



https://evolvemedicalclinics.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/

RESIDENTIAL MOSQUITO CONTROL EFFICACY STUDIES

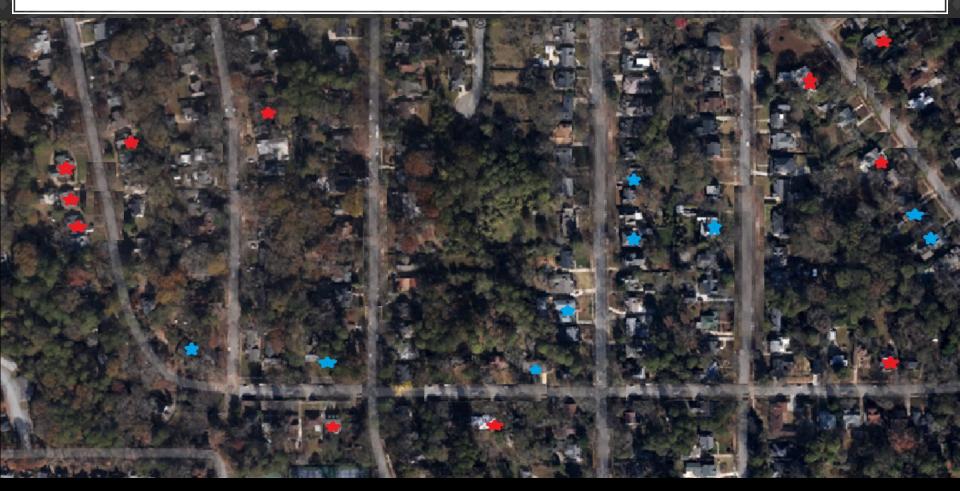
<u>2014</u>

30 treatment Properties– 2 with mosquitos 23 control homes – 8 with mosquitos

<u>2015</u>

30 treatment homes – 0 mosquitos 24 control homes – 5 with mosquitos

RESIDENTIAL MOSQUITO CONTROL EFFICACY STUDIES



Treatment Homes 2014 – 7% in 2015 - 0 Control Homes 2014 (8/23) 35% with mosquitoes 2015 (5/24) 20% with mosquitoes

Survey

1. When are you most likely to be outdoors? (Treatment responses %/control responses%)Early morning (47%/67%) Noon(13/17)

Afternoon(63/50) Evening(97/79)

2. How many hours per day do you spend outside? less than 1 hour(20/38) 1-2 hours(30/25) more than 2 hours(50/38) Statistical significance: <0.05 = * <0.01= ** <0.001 = ***

3. In your opinion, has the mosquito problem gotten better, worse, or has it remained the same in the past 2 years?

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Better (1/0)Worse(1/38)Same(80/63)Norme measure bites a pight would you tolerate in your backward before you
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4. How many mosquito bites a night would you tolerate in your backyard before you would consider having your yard treated?

Treatment homes:

Intolerance: 100% (***)

"We always get our yard treated on a monthly basis" (10%)

Control homes

Tolerance: 100% (***)

"It doesn't matter, because I would never treat my yard." (13%)

RESIDENTIAL MOSQUITO CONTROL EFFICACY STUDIES



9 Houses; 2014
15 Houses; 2015

• 3 houses per Treatment

•Treated by our laboratory using backpack mist blowers

•Vacuuming sampling device

Mosquito sampling
(a) 2 week intervals after Treatment.

BRAND NAMES AND ACTIVE INGREDIENTS OF THE PRODUCTS OF STUDY

BRAND NAME	Talstar [®] :	Suspend [®] :	Mosquito Free [™] :
A.I.	(bifenthrin)	(deltamethrin)	(cedar oil)
	$\Lambda 11 C 1 = \pi R$		$\Gamma = c S (co c ut \mathbb{R})$
BRAND NAME	All Clear®:	Navoprit [™] :	EcoSmart [®] :
A.I.	(garlic oil)	(oil blend: soybean and corn oil)	(essential oils: thyme, peppermint, rosemary, clove)

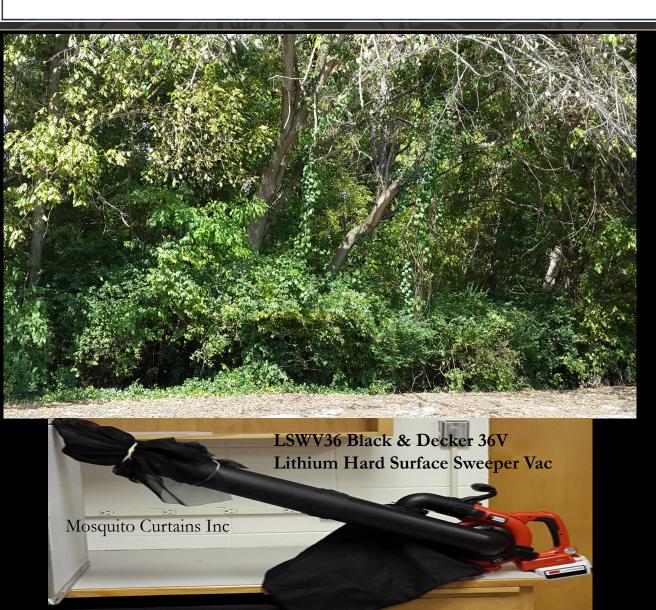
NUMBER OF MOSQUITOES CAUGHT WITH VACUUM SAMPLING by RESIDENCE and TREATMENT (2014) [30% w/ no mosquitos]

* Active larvae									
found	Bifenthrin			Deltamethrin			Control		
Residence	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
Week Post-trt									
Pre	11	-		6			_		
Pre	8	-		1	-		_	-	
Pre	10	-	2	5	-	-	_	-	_
Pre	6	-	2	3	-	_	-	-	_
1	1	-	-	1	-	-	_	_	_
2	4*	-	1	2	-	-	_	_	1
4	2*	-	1	-	-	-	_	-	2
6	6*	-	2	5	-	-	_	_	4
8	1*	-	3	2	-	-	_	-	_
10	2*	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	1
12	1	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	2
14	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_

TOTAL NUMBER OF MOSQUITOES CAUGHT BY RESIDENCE AND TREATMENT PER SAMPLE DATE (2015) * active breeding site

Date	Date PRETREATMENT PRETREATMENT								
5/5/2015	-	-	-	2	-				
5/22/2015	2*	1	-	1	-				
6/3/2015	2*	1	1	1	1				
6/16/2015	1*	1	-	1	_				
6/30/2015	1*	1	-	1	-				
7/13/2015	1*	2	-	1	-				
7/28/2015	1*	1	-	1	-				
8/14/2015	1	1	2	2	-				
TREATMENT									
8/24/2015	Deltamethrin	Bifenthrin	Oil blend	Garlic Oil	Control				
		POST-TREATMENT							
8/25/2015	-	-	-	1	-				
9/3/2015	-	_	2	3	_				
9/17/2015	-	_	2	2	_				
10/1/2015	2*	-	1	1	_				
10/15/2015	1*	-	1	_	_				
10/30/2015	1	-	1	_	_				

BACKYARD MOSQUITO CONTROL



Backpack mister treatments with Pyrethroids were effective (4 weeks with no mosquitoes caught) as long as larvaciding was also part of the monthly treatment regime.

The 25B products were not effective at providing more than one week with no mosquitos caught.

The vacuum device is a useful tool for sampling foliage-resting mosquitos over large areas.

QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?



A fumigator sprays for mosquitoes in Canal Zone sometime between 1915 and 1920. Malaria and yellow fever carried by mosquitoes was a leading cause of death for Canal workers (Library of Congress)